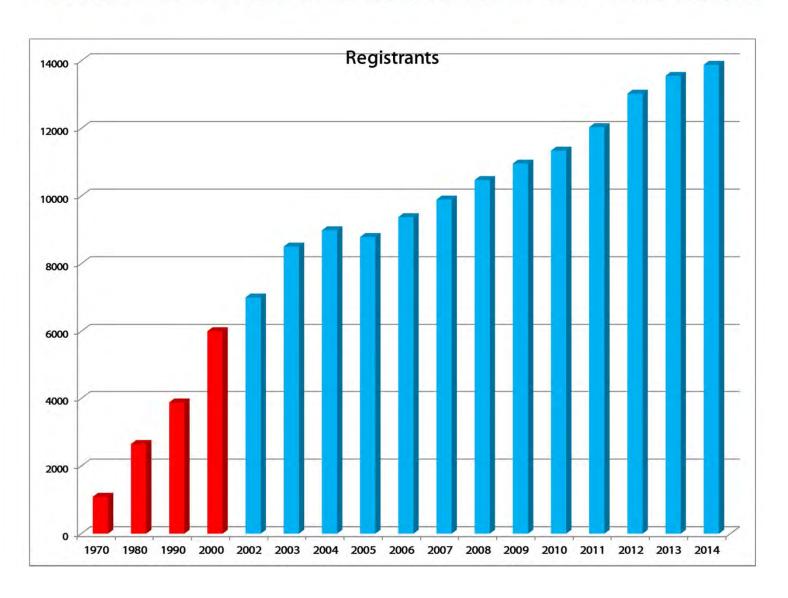
Geoscientists Canada

CCCESD - Meeting Oct 2015

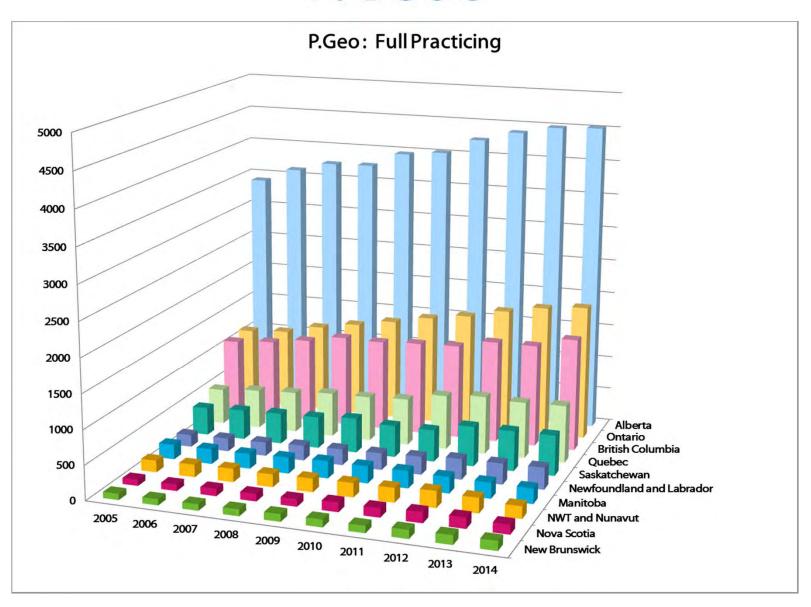
Brent Ward - Vice Chair CGSB



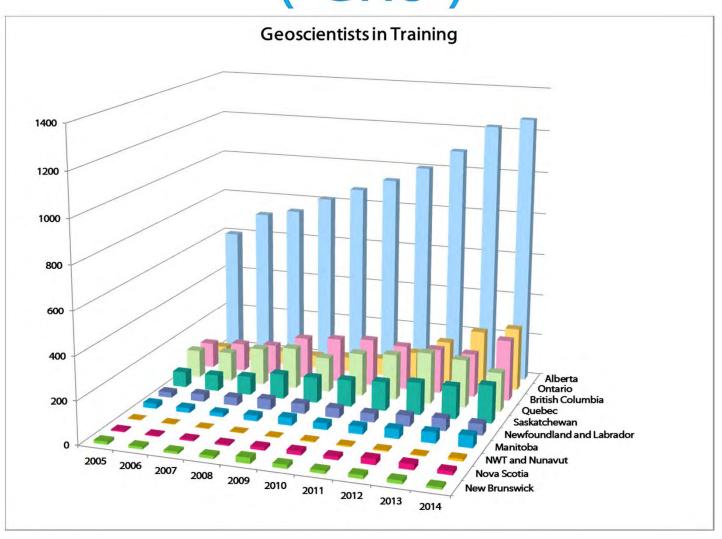
Geoscientist Licensure in Canada



P.Geo's



Geoscientists in Training ("GITs")

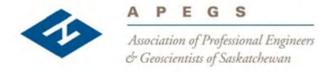


Constituent Associations









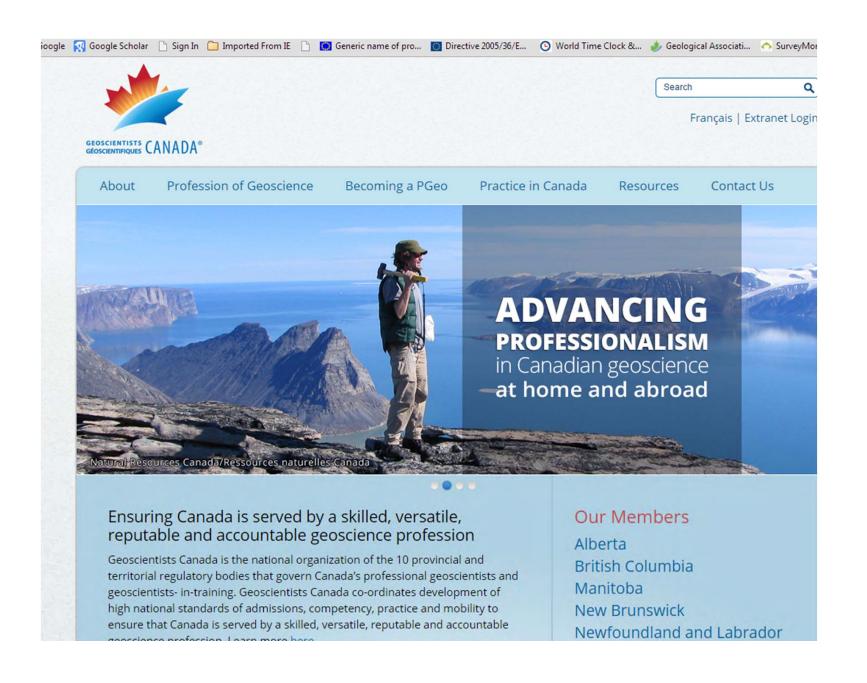






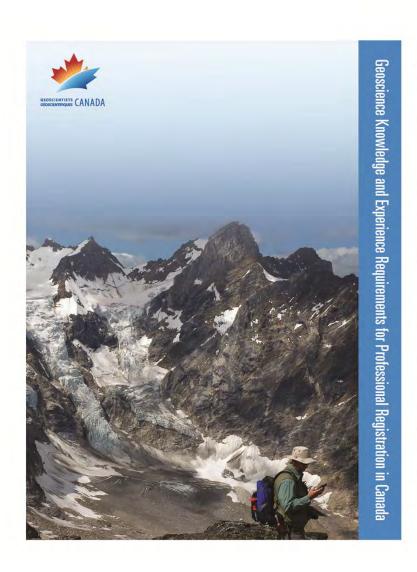


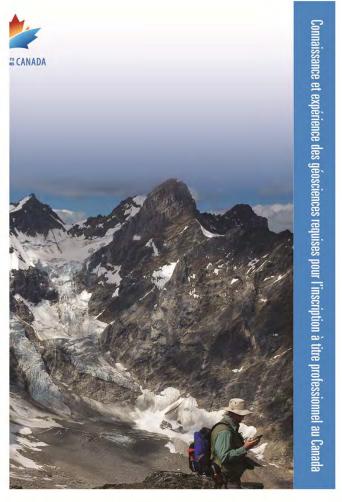




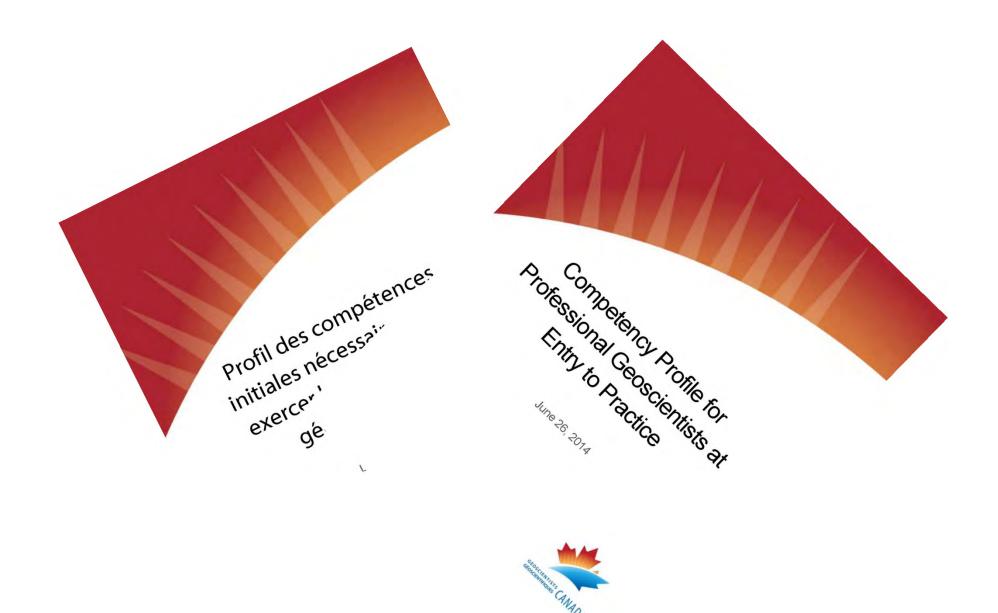
Focus Areas – Strategic Alliances



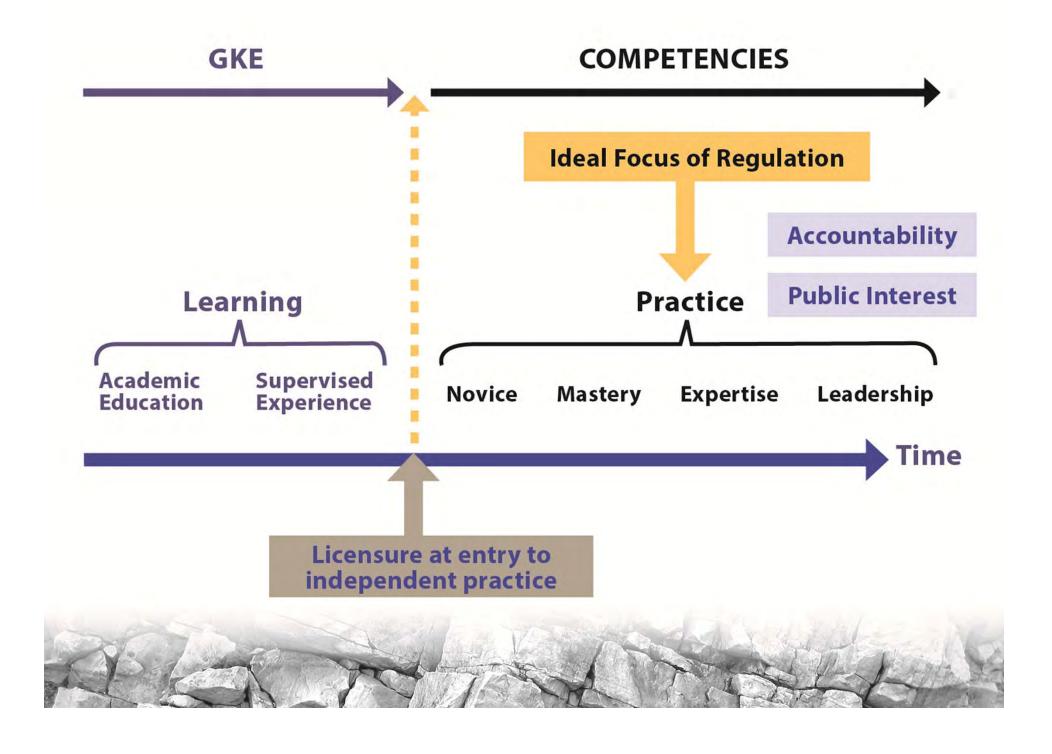




http://geoscientistscanada.ca/wp-content/uploads/2013/11/GKE-2012-Reprint Web-E.pdf



http://geoscientistscanada.ca/wp-content/uploads/2015/07/Competency-Profile-for-Professional-Geoscientistsat-Entry-to-Practice-Combined-Doc.pdf



Key question for the team

What are the job tasks that we would expect, as a minimum, all geoscientists to be able to perform at entry to independent practice?

Consultation and Validation:

Development Apr-Dec 2013

- Development of proposed competencies by SME team
- Preliminary reviews by CGSB
- Release of first consultation version

Consultation
Jan-May 2014

- Consultations with CAs
- Release second consultation version
- Practice Analysis Survey with PGeo's nationally
- Consultations with geoscience community
- Adjustments by SMEs based on feedback

Finalization
June 2014

- Special Competency Workshop for CAs
- Review and Acceptance by CGSB
- Final report ; Recommendation to CAs

Profile consists of 5 sections

- 1. Generic competencies applicable to all geoscientists
- 2. Competencies applicable to geoscientists working within the discipline of geology
- 3. Competencies applicable to geoscientists working within the discipline of environmental geoscience
- 4. Competencies applicable to geoscientists working within the discipline of geophysics

5. Specialized competencies applicable to all geoscientists but referring to a specific area of practice

"Area of practice" = <u>an established area of practice within a</u> <u>discipline</u> (e.g. survey mapping; mineral exploration; groundwater assessment; oil & gas exploration geophysics)

Headings within sections

All Geos (68)

Scientific method

General geoscience

Communication &

reporting

Information technology

Organization &

management

Professionalism

Professional

development

Ethics

Dr David Cane
Catalysis Consulting

Discipline (~20)

Planning

Acquisition

Interpretation

Integration

Practice Area (5)

GEOSCIENCE COMPETENCY PROFILE

1 Com	petencies applicable to all geoscientists					
9.0 0						
1.1 Sci	entific method					
1.1.1	Apply scientific methodologies.					
1.1.2	Apply concepts and principles of mathematics and statistics.					
1.1.3	Apply concepts and principles of physics and chemistry.					
1.1.4	Access and search scientific literature.					
1.1.5	Recognize uncertainty, ambiguity and limits to knowledge.					
1.1.6	Apply principles of quality assurance and quality control (QA / QC).					
1.1.7	Undertake reasonable investigation and due diligence.					
1.1.8	Use peer review processes.					
1.2 Gei	neral geoscience					
1.2.1	Recognize the essential features, processes, materials, history and development of the Earth and life on the Earth.					
1.2.2	Recognize the complexities and interactions of geology and of geological processes in space and time.					
1.2.3	Recognize the complexities and limitations of geoscience studies carried out in the field, the laboratory and the office.					
1.2.4	Recognize the diversity of working environments within geoscience practice.					
135	Apply locational to all and main since to an automate					

2.1 Planning						
2.1.1	Compile and incorporate existing geoscience information.					
2.1.2	Design field programs applicable to purpose of investigation and site conditions.					
2.2 Acquisition						
2.2.1	Implement mapping programs.					
2.2.2	Incorporate geophysical and remote sensing methods.					
2.2.3	Implement sampling programs.					
2.2.4	Incorporate drilling programs.					
2.2.5	Implement logging programs.					
2.2.6	Select appropriate laboratory analyses.					
2.2.7	Address uncertainties and limitations in data.					
2.3 Interpretation						
2.3.1	Determine and interpret rock and sediment sequences, associations and genesis.					
2.3.2	Determine and interpret lithological assemblages, provenance, age and spatial relationship					
2.3.3	Determine and interpret surficial landforms, materials and processes.					
2.3.4	Determine and interpret structural features and relationships.					
2.3.5	Evaluate data consistent with purpose of investigation.					
2.3.6	Evaluate data to construct models.					
2.4 Integration						
2.4.1	Formulate conclusions and recommendations.					

. Com	petencies applicable to the geoscientist's area of practice				
5.1	Apply a comprehensive and systematic understanding of current knowledge to practice activities.				
5.2	Apply a comprehensive knowledge of current methods used to undertake investigation.				
5.3	Critically evaluate models.				
5.4	Seek and apply knowledge to address multifaceted problems in familiar and unfamilia contexts.				
5.5	Recognize the complexity of knowledge, as well as contributions from other geoscience areas of practice and other professions.				



news release

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

Federal, Provincial and Territorial Governments take action to connect Canadians with jobs

Charlottetown, July 11, 2014 – Labour Market Ministers from across the country met today to take action to ensure Canadians have the skills they need to compete in a global economy. The Forum of Labour Market Ministers (FLMM) is co-chaired by the Honourable Jason Kenney, federal Minister of Employment and Social Development and Minister for Multiculturalism, and the Honourable Alien Roach Prince Edward Island Minister of Innovation and Advanced Learning.

"Our government's top priorities are creating jobs, economic prosperity. I'm very pleased that since labour market ministe significant progress on the creation of the Canada Job Grar put more skin in the game, the Canada Job Grant will result guaranteed jobs. In the year ahead, we look forward to build working together to improve foreign credential recognition, ¿ information, increase labour mobility and strengthen appren well as the Labour Market Development Agreements."

—The Honourable Jason Kenney, Minister of Employment S co-chair of the FLMM

Provinces and territories across Canada share critically imperpropriet programs and skills training. We value this oppidiscuss key areas of importance and our challenges. We leacollaboration to ensure we have the best apprenticeship, sk services that Canadians need.

-The Honourable Allen Roach, Prince Edward Island Minist Advanced Learning, and co-chair of the FLMM

improvements as necessary. Ministers created a Working Group to develop the Terms of Reference for the evaluation of the Canada Job Grant.

Foreign Qualification Recognition

Ministers recognized the importance of integrating newcomers into the labour market. Today, Ministers announced the addition of 10 new target occupations to the Pan-Canadian Framework for the Assessment and Recognition of Foreign Qualifications³. The Framework helps improve foreign qualification assessment and recognition for internationally trained professionals, so they can put their knowledge and skills to work

The following are the new set of target occupations in the Framework:

2014-15

- · audiologists and speech language pathologists
- midwives
- geoscientists
- psychologists
- lawyers
- carpenters
- welders
- electricians (industrial and construction)
- heavy duty equipment technicians
- heavy equipment operators

¹While the Quebec government has not endorsed the Framework, it supports its principles and agrees to share reports already made public to its citizens, notably those tabled at the National Assembly.







A Pan-Canadian Framework for the Assessment & Recognition of Foreign Qualifications

Presentation by the Foreign Qualification Recognition Working Group to Geoscientists Canada, June 11th, 2014

The Framework is available through the ESDC site:



fmmt Forum des ministres de marché de visual

n d'évaluation et de lifications professionnelles à l'étranger

Présentation du Groupe de travail sur la reconnaissance des qualifications professionnelles acquises à l'étranger à Géoscientifiques Canada Le 11 juin 2014

Le Cadre est présenté sur le site Emploi et Développement Social Canada :



ESDC - FCRP Funding - Proposal Concept 28 April 2015

Admissions Support Tools ("AST") Project Phase II - Competencies in Action

Geoscientists Canada/Geoscientifiques Canada is the organization of the regulatory bodies that govern geoscience practice in eleven provinces and territories; its mandate is to member regulatory bodies – its constituent associations (CA

Geoscientists Canada intends to submit a proposal to ESDC Program (FCRP). In July 2014, it was announced by the Foru been added to the list of targeted professions that are part c Recognition of Foreign Qualifications (FQR)

The planned work will further assist the CAs with admission: Canadian-trained geoscientists applying for licensure to prafunding anticipated is on the order of \$560,000 - for work or

- Component 1 Rebuild the Geoscience Knowledge Registration in Canada document (GKE) in terms of
- Component 2 To identify competency-based too
- · Component 3 To develop an on-line self-assessm

The project will take 24 month to complete. In-kind support volunteers, and by volunteers and staff attached to the CAs; contribution over the full 2 years duration is on the order of

Geoscience is an applied science occupation which by its na international collaboration. The economic sectors in which discovery and development, mineral exploration and mining consultancy work, and third level education and research, all movement of expert personnel both in to and out of Canada of Canada's overall economy; and Canada holds prominence

Geoscientists trained outside of Canada frequently have nee migration to Canada; or to fulfill shorter term international c assignment in Canada set for them by an employer or client operate globally and need credentials that are readily recog





FLMM - FQR - ACTION PLAN - GEOSCIENCE - Working Draft

Thursday, May 21, 2015

Potential Priorities for Action	Relevant Players	Timelines	Potential Objectives
	FQR PATHWAY:	Assessment &	k Recognition
Re-characterizing the GKE in terms of competencies	Lead: Geoscientists Canada Potential Players: Regulators Potential Funder: ESDC	Sept 2017	The GKE (Geoscience Knowledge and Experience Requirements for Professional Registration in Canada) booklet - the profession's current published national standard for admissions reflects a learning process; it is not competencies-based. The profession recently agreed upon a full spectrum competency profile for the practice of geoscience. It is critical the GKE now be re-characterised in terms of the competencies necessary to practice the profession Re-describing the GKE in terms of competency based - academic outcomes (competency indicators) will facilitate consideration of degrees obtained in other countries, where delivery may be more modular than courses-based - such as the United Kingdom or other parts of Europe. It will also ensure Canada's entry-to-practice requirements can be assessed through a wider variety of means. It will also differentiate between competencies that can be expected as outcomes from university training, and competencies which are best obtained in a practice setting and must be assessed for using different indicators and different testing methods. The main outcome will be a revised competency-based GKE standard for the profession. The GKE booklet has many uses. As the professional primary collective national source of information on admissions requirements to kearing in mind that specific admissions requirements to the profession, while largely based on the on the GKE, are set provincially/territorially), the GKE is equally important

Admissions Support Tools ("AST") Project Phase II - Proposal Co







Professional Reliance – Public Reporting and the Role of the Geoscientist

- Professional Reliance Model use becoming commonplace
 - NI 43-101 (minerals); NI 51-101 (oil&gas), Records of Site Condition, Slope Stability Assessments, etc.
- Poor general awareness within the geoscience and engineering community
- Lack of understanding of personal and professional risks
- Lack of compliance and "common knowledge" gap cause for concern
- Securities Commissions (BCSC, OSC, AMF) request to CIM
- CIM approached Geoscientists Canada
 - Undergraduate Educational Module idea

Professional Reliance - Undergraduate Educational Module

- Extracurricular short-course format
 - Two day equivalent
 - Variable formats
 - Lectures set and labs
 - Scenario and role playing labs
- Target audience all ES students (regardless of ES career interests)
- Target instructors local P.Geo's and Securities Regulators
- Geoscientists Canada develops/refreshes the material
- Provincial Associations facilitate instructors and offerings